

# COOKE

CONTEMPORARY FURNITURE

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## Fire Feature Rough in Guide

(To be given to the Plumber and Electrician prior to Rough In and order finalization)

### Location

Make sure the location is suitable for the unit you are ordering and that all needed utilities can be run up from the floor. If the unit is going to be in sand, grass or any other non-ridged surface some pavers or footings will be needed to make sure that the feet do not sink causing the ventilation to be obstructed

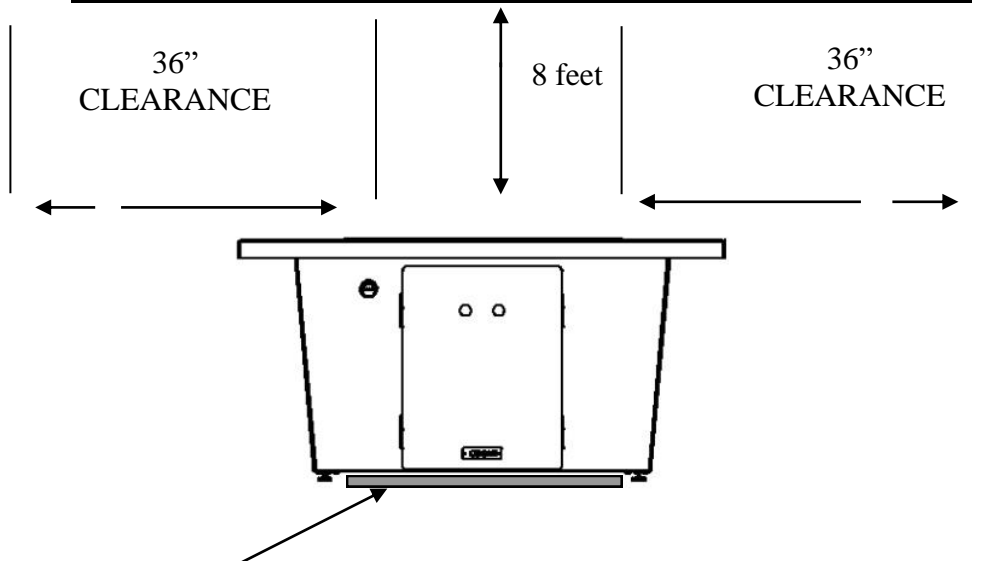
### MINIMUM CLEARANCE TO COMBUSTIBLES

**Side walls and fire pit/table surroundings:** 36" from each side of the Fire Pit Burner plan

**Ceiling:** 8 feet from fire pit burner special low BTU burners can be ordered for 5-foot clearance.

**Flooring:** 0" (This unit may be installed on a concrete slab, wood deck, or other level floor type).

Note: Nothing flammable should be above the Fire Pit Table



**CRITICAL:** Keep air gap opening at the base of the unit clear on all sides for proper ventilation beneath the fire pit/table. Failure to do so can result in an explosion!

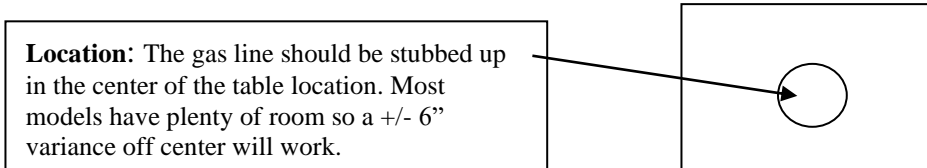
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## Plumbing

**1. Gas Plumbing Pipe Size.** The size of the gas line providing gas to your fire features is determined by three factors; the gas consumption rate (btu/hr) of the appliance (fire pit), the length of the gas line run and the pressure at which the gas is being delivered. In most natural gas applications, you have little to no control of the gas pressure due to the fact this is set at the meter and cannot be changed. In most LP (propane) applications however you do have control of the pressure. For the purposes of this guide we will not discuss gas pressures – this is best left up to the plumber working on the project. We will however look at Gas Consumption rate of fire pit burners and gas line length.

**Gas Consumption for Fire Rings:** For planning purposes use the information in the table below to determine the amount of gas required for each of the fire features you have planned for your project.

| <b>Fire Ring Size</b>                                     | <b>Gas Consumption (Btu/hr) +/- 10%</b> |
|---|---|
| Long Liner burners per foot                               | 25,000-45,000                           |
| 6"/VFM/Tiki Torch   | 25,000                                  |
| Standard 8"x24" rectangle fire pit using 24" liner burner | 40,000                                  |
| Standard 17"x17" Square fire pit using 12" star burner    | 60,000-75,000                           |
| Standard 24"x24" Square fire pit using 17" star burner    | 125,000                                 |
| 24" Ring  | 150,000                                 |
| 30" Ring  | 175,000                                 |
| 36" Ring  | 250,000                                 |
| 48" Ring  | 300,000                                 |



**Gas Line Length:** The table below shows the amount of gas (btu/hr) a gas line can deliver over a specified distance. As an example, if you look in the row corresponding with "3/4" (meaning 3/4" pipe) and follow it to the right to the column corresponding with "150" (meaning a 150' gas line run) you see the number "77K". This means a 3/4" pipe that is 150' long will deliver 77,000 Btu/hr.

| <b>Pipe Size (in)</b> | <b>Gas Capacity of Pipe (Btu/hr)</b> |           |           |           |            |            |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
|                       | <b>Pipe Length (ft)</b>              |           |           |           |            |            |
|                       | <b>10</b>                            | <b>20</b> | <b>40</b> | <b>80</b> | <b>150</b> | <b>300</b> |
| 1/2                   | 132K                                 | 93K       | 66K       | 46K       | 34K        | 24K        |
| 3/4                   | 300K                                 | 210K      | 150K      | 105K      | 77K        | 55K        |
| 1                     | 600K                                 | 425K      | 300K      | 210K      | 155K       | 110K       |
| 1 1/4                 | 1320K                                | 934K      | 660K      | 466K      | 340K       | 240K       |
| 1 1/2                 | 2045K                                | 1445K     | 1020K     | 720K      | 525K       | 375K       |
| 2                     | 4130K                                | 2920K     | 2060K     | 1460K     | 1060K      | 750K       |

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2. **Manual Gas Shutoff.** Code requires a manual gas shutoff within 6' of the fire feature whether electronic ignition is used or not.

**Types of Manual Gas Shutoff Valves:**

1. Ball Valve
2. ¼ Turn Key Valve (Identical to a ball valve with a Key Stem on it)
3. Key Valve (Gate Style Valve not recommended)

We **HIGHLY** recommend using a Ball Valve like the one pictured below, with a 1/2" flare exit to make connecting and servicing your fire pit safe and easy. The gas line and valve should stick straight up but should not exceed 12" above the floor. The stub up should be located near center to the desired location of the fire pit table. Cooke fire pit tables have a large open base allowing a good amount room for plumbing. Custom units may require an off-center stub up make sure to check your prints before finalizing gas line location.



3. **Drainage.** Drainage must be planned for in all fire features, regardless whether electronic ignition is used or not. The fire pit should be covered when it is raining or to protect from sprinklers however if water does collect in the fire pit it should drain from the pan and be able to run out the bottom of the fire pit table. If the fire pit becomes flooded it may require shutting the service valve and disconnecting all the gas lines and any flame adjustment valve or electronic ignition system to drain any water.

**Electrical**

Some fire features require electrical service for ignition systems, heaters, sound systems or lighting. When electricity is needed make sure your electrician knows about all the requirements before running conduit or construction. Some components might be low voltage and direct-burial wire can be used while others may need multiple circuits with high amperage capacity.

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ALL ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS MUST BE SWITCHED THERE ARE NO SWITCHES ON THE FIRE PIT TABLE

Common requirements:

**Switching:** Make sure your electrician knows you need to have some way to switch the powder on and off. There is no switch on the fire pit. Use a home control system, light switch, timer switch or common switching application. In common area applications the rotary style timer with E stop is recommended and typically mounted on a **pedestal** which can be ordered from Cooke.

Timer and E stop with lock out mounted in Pedestal



## Creston Home control

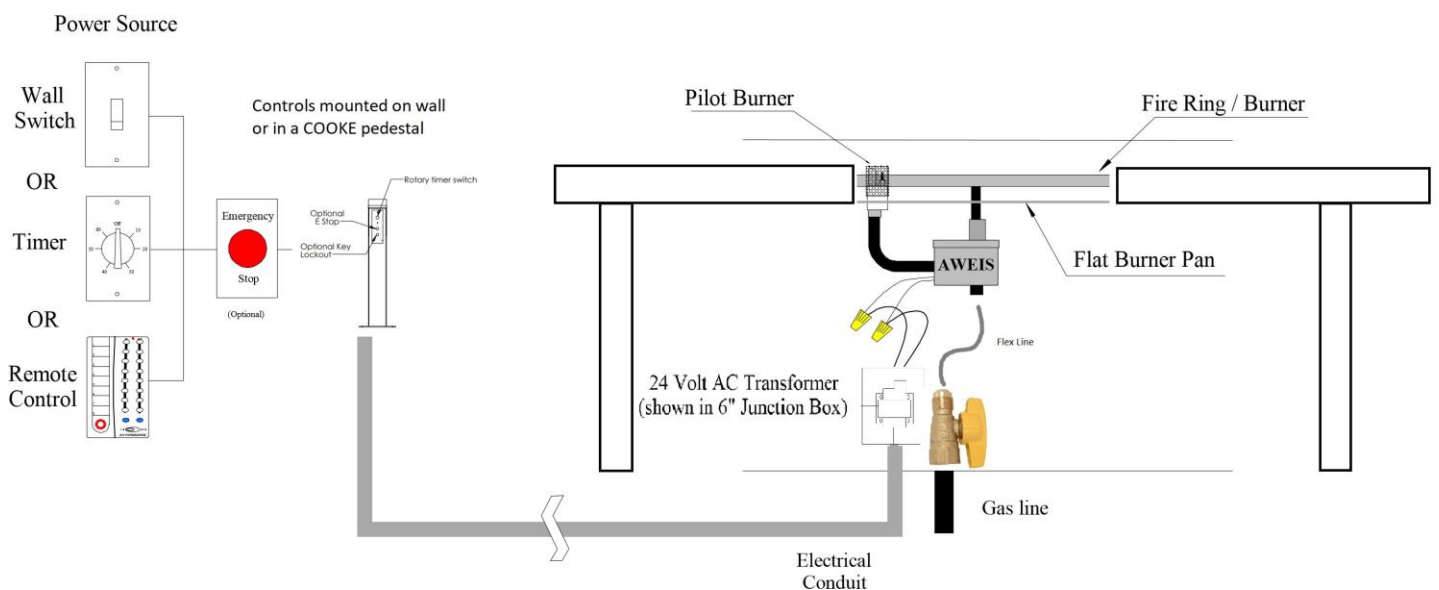


## Remote switching system



**Electronic ignition:** Requires switched power. Systems vary per unit, most commonly used is the AWEIS which is 24 volts and must use the supplied transformer that is not internal to the ignition box and must be located in a junction box or other weather proof location, the the HPC system which requires a standard 120v outlet below the table. Make sure you get the installation instructions for the ignition system that is coming for your unit.

## Typical automated fire pit installation Diagram



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**Additional electrical circuits will be needed if the unit is ordered with below options.**

**Heater vents:** Requires a standard switched 120v outlet below the table and each heater box draws 15 amps (1 box per 4 vents).

**LED lights:** Requires a standard switched 120v outlet below the table or low voltage ran back to transformer. 12v 3 amp

**Sound systems:** May require speaker wire run from amplifier or WiFi/Bluetooth signal from the house.

**Auxiliary power outlets:** Outlets located on the side of the table can be ordered and will require electrical conduit and connection after the unit is installed.